<u>SSB 5818</u> - H AMD **1284** By Representative Fitzgibbon

ADOPTED 03/04/2022

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 36.70A.600 and 2020 c 173 s 1 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) A city planning pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040 is encouraged to 6 take the following actions in order to increase its residential 7 building capacity:

8 (a) Authorize development in one or more areas of not fewer than 9 five hundred acres that include at least one train station served by 10 commuter rail or light rail with an average of at least fifty 11 residential units per acre that require no more than an average of 12 one on-site parking space per two bedrooms in the portions of 13 multifamily zones that are located within the areas;

14 (b) Authorize development in one or more areas of not fewer than two hundred acres in cities with a population greater than forty 15 thousand or not fewer than one hundred acres in cities with a 16 17 population less than forty thousand that include at least one bus stop served by scheduled bus service of at least four times per hour 18 for twelve or more hours per day with an average of at least twenty-19 20 five residential units per acre that require no more than an average 21 of one on-site parking space per two bedrooms in portions of the 22 multifamily zones that are located within the areas;

(c) Authorize at least one duplex, triplex, quadplex, sixplex, stacked flat, townhouse, or courtyard apartment on each parcel in one or more zoning districts that permit single-family residences unless a city documents a specific infrastructure of physical constraint that would make this requirement unfeasible for a particular parcel;

(d) Authorize a duplex, triplex, quadplex, sixplex, stacked flat,
townhouse, or courtyard apartment on one or more parcels for which
they are not currently authorized;

31 (e) Authorize cluster zoning or lot size averaging in all zoning 32 districts that permit single-family residences;

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(f) Adopt a subarea plan pursuant to RCW 43.21C.420;

(g) Adopt a planned action pursuant to RCW 43.21C.440(1)(b)(ii),
except that an environmental impact statement pursuant to RCW
43.21C.030 is not required for such an action;

5 (h) Adopt increases in categorical exemptions pursuant to RCW
6 43.21C.229 for residential or mixed-use development;

7 (i) Adopt a form-based code in one or more zoning districts that 8 permit residential uses. "Form-based code" means a land development 9 regulation that uses physical form, rather than separation of use, as 10 the organizing principle for the code;

(j) Authorize a duplex on each corner lot within all zoning districts that permit single-family residences;

13 (k) Allow for the division or redivision of land into the maximum 14 number of lots through the short subdivision process provided in 15 chapter 58.17 RCW;

(1) Authorize a minimum net density of six dwelling units per acre in all residential zones, where the residential development capacity will increase within the city. For purposes of this subsection, the calculation of net density does not include the square footage of areas that are otherwise prohibited from development, such as critical areas, the area of buffers around critical areas, and the area of roads and similar features;

(m) Create one or more zoning districts of medium density in which individual lots may be no larger than three thousand five hundred square feet and single-family residences may be no larger than one thousand two hundred square feet;

(n) Authorize accessory dwelling units in one or more zoningdistricts in which they are currently prohibited;

(o) Remove minimum residential parking requirements related toaccessory dwelling units;

31 (p) Remove owner occupancy requirements related to accessory 32 dwelling units;

33 (q) Adopt new square footage requirements related to accessory 34 dwelling units that are less restrictive than existing square footage 35 requirements related to accessory dwelling units;

36 (r) Adopt maximum allowable exemption levels in WAC 197-11-800(1) 37 as it existed on June 11, 2020, or such subsequent date as may be 38 provided by the department of ecology by rule, consistent with the 39 purposes of this section;

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(s) Adopt standards for administrative approval of final plats
 pursuant to RCW 58.17.100;

3 (t) Adopt ordinances authorizing administrative review of 4 preliminary plats pursuant to RCW 58.17.095;

5 (u) Adopt other permit process improvements where it is 6 demonstrated that the code, development regulation, or ordinance 7 changes will result in a more efficient permit process for customers;

8 (v) Update use matrices and allowable use tables that eliminate 9 conditional use permits and administrative conditional use permits 10 for all housing types, including single-family homes, townhomes, 11 multifamily housing, low-income housing, and senior housing, but 12 excluding essential public facilities;

(w) Allow off-street parking to compensate for lack of on-street parking when private roads are utilized or a parking demand study shows that less parking is required for the project;

16 (x) Develop a local program that offers homeowners a combination 17 of financing, design, permitting, or construction support to build 18 accessory dwelling units. A city may condition this program on a requirement to provide the unit for affordable home ownership or rent 19 the accessory dwelling unit for a defined period of time to either 20 21 tenants in a housing subsidy program as defined in RCW 43.31.605(14) 22 or to tenants whose income is less than eighty percent of the city or county median family income. If the city includes an affordability 23 requirement under the program, it must provide additional incentives, 24 25 such as:

- 26 (i) Density bonuses;
- 27 (ii) Height and bulk bonuses;
- 28 (iii) Fee waivers or exemptions;
- 29 (iv) Parking reductions; or
- 30 (v) Expedited permitting; and

(y) Develop a local program that offers homeowners a combination 31 32 of financing, design, permitting, or construction support to convert a single-family home into a duplex, triplex, or quadplex where those 33 housing types are authorized. A local government may condition this 34 program on a requirement to provide a certain number of units for 35 36 affordable home ownership or to rent a certain number of the newly created units for a defined period of time to either tenants in a 37 housing subsidy program as defined in RCW 43.31.605(14) or to tenants 38 39 whose income is less than eighty percent of the city or county median

- 1 family income. If the city includes an affordability requirement, it
- 2 must provide additional incentives, such as:
- 3 (i) Density bonuses;
- 4 (ii) Height and bulk bonuses;
- 5 (iii) Fee waivers or exemptions;
- 6 (iv) Parking reductions; or
- 7 (v) Expedited permitting.

(2) A city planning pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040 may adopt a 8 housing action plan as described in this subsection. The goal of any 9 such housing plan must be to encourage construction of additional 10 affordable and market rate housing in a greater variety of housing 11 12 types and at prices that are accessible to a greater variety of incomes, including strategies aimed at the for-profit single-family 13 home market. A housing action plan may utilize data compiled pursuant 14 to RCW 36.70A.610. The housing action plan should: 15

16 (a) Quantify existing and projected housing needs for all income 17 levels, including extremely low-income households, with documentation 18 of housing and household characteristics, and cost-burdened 19 households;

20 (b) Develop strategies to increase the supply of housing, and 21 variety of housing types, needed to serve the housing needs 22 identified in (a) of this subsection;

23 (c) Analyze population and employment trends, with documentation 24 of projections;

25 (d) Consider strategies to minimize displacement of low-income 26 residents resulting from redevelopment;

(e) Review and evaluate the current housing element adopted pursuant to RCW 36.70A.070, including an evaluation of success in attaining planned housing types and units, achievement of goals and policies, and implementation of the schedule of programs and actions;

(f) Provide for participation and input from community members, community groups, local builders, local realtors, nonprofit housing advocates, and local religious groups; and

34 (g) Include a schedule of programs and actions to implement the 35 recommendations of the housing action plan.

(3) ((If adopted by April 1, 2023,)) The adoption of ordinances,
 development regulations and amendments to ((development)) such
 regulations, and other nonproject actions taken by a city to
 implement the actions specified in subsection (1) of this section,
 with the exception of the action specified in subsection (1)(f) of
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1 this section, are not subject to administrative or judicial appeal 2 under chapter 43.21C RCW.

3 (4) Any action taken by a city prior to April 1, 2023, to amend 4 ((their)) <u>its</u> comprehensive plan $((_{\tau}))$ or adopt or amend ordinances or 5 development regulations, solely to enact provisions under subsection 6 (1) of this section is not subject to legal challenge under this 7 chapter.

8 (5) In taking action under subsection (1) of this section, cities 9 are encouraged to utilize strategies that increase residential 10 building capacity in areas with frequent transit service and with the 11 transportation and utility infrastructure that supports the 12 additional residential building capacity.

(6) A city that is planning to take at least two actions under 13 subsection (1) of this section, and that action will occur between 14 15 July 28, 2019, and April 1, 2021, is eligible to apply to the 16 department for planning grant assistance of up to one hundred 17 thousand dollars, subject to the availability of funds appropriated for that purpose. The department shall develop grant criteria to 18 ensure that grant funds awarded are proportionate to the level of 19 effort proposed by a city, and the potential increase in housing 20 21 supply or regulatory streamlining that could be achieved. Funding may 22 be provided in advance of, and to support, adoption of policies or ordinances consistent with this section. A city can request, and the 23 department may award, more than one hundred thousand dollars for 24 25 applications that demonstrate extraordinary potential to increase 26 housing supply or regulatory streamlining.

27 (7) A city seeking to develop a housing action plan under 28 subsection (2) of this section is eligible to apply to the department 29 for up to one hundred thousand dollars.

(8) The department shall establish grant award amounts under 30 31 subsections (6) and (7) of this section based on the expected number 32 of cities that will seek grant assistance, to ensure that all cities can receive some level of grant support. If funding capacity allows, 33 the department may consider accepting and funding applications from 34 cities with a population of less than twenty thousand if the actions 35 proposed in the application will create a significant amount of 36 housing capacity or regulatory streamlining and are consistent with 37 the actions in this section. 38

39 (9) In implementing chapter 348, Laws of 2019, cities are 40 encouraged to prioritize the creation of affordable, inclusive Code Rev/RB:lel 5 H-2947.1/22 1 neighborhoods and to consider the risk of residential displacement, 2 particularly in neighborhoods with communities at high risk of 3 displacement.

4 Sec. 2. RCW 36.70A.070 and 2021 c 254 s 2 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 The comprehensive plan of a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall consist of a map or maps, 7 and descriptive text covering objectives, principles, and standards 8 used to develop the comprehensive plan. The plan shall be 9 an internally consistent document and all elements shall be consistent 10 with the future land use map. A comprehensive plan shall be adopted 11 and amended with public participation as provided in RCW 36.70A.140. 12 Each comprehensive plan shall include a plan, scheme, or design for 13 each of the following: 14

15 (1) A land use element designating the proposed general 16 distribution and general location and extent of the uses of land, where appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, 17 18 commerce, industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation airports, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. 19 The land use element shall include population densities, building 20 21 intensities, and estimates of future population growth. The land use element shall provide for protection of the quality and quantity of 22 groundwater used for public water supplies. Wherever possible, the 23 24 land use element should consider utilizing urban planning approaches 25 that promote physical activity. Where applicable, the land use element shall review drainage, flooding, and stormwater runoff in the 26 27 area and nearby jurisdictions and provide guidance for corrective actions to mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters 28 of the state, including Puget Sound or waters entering Puget Sound. 29

30 (2) A housing element ensuring the vitality and character of 31 established residential neighborhoods that:

32 (a) Includes an inventory and analysis of existing and projected 33 housing needs that identifies the number of housing units necessary 34 to manage projected growth, as provided by the department of 35 commerce, including:

36 (i) Units for moderate, low, very low, and extremely low-income 37 households; and

38 (ii) Emergency housing, emergency shelters, and permanent 39 supportive housing;

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1 (b) Includes a statement of goals, policies, objectives, and 2 mandatory provisions for the preservation, improvement, and 3 development of housing, including single-family residences, and 4 within an urban growth area boundary, moderate density housing 5 options including(({,})), but not limited to, duplexes, triplexes, 6 and townhomes;

7 (c) Identifies sufficient capacity of land for housing including, 8 but not limited to, government-assisted housing, housing for 9 moderate, low, very low, and extremely low-income households, 10 manufactured housing, multifamily housing, group homes, foster care 11 facilities, emergency housing, emergency shelters, permanent 12 supportive housing, and within an urban growth area boundary, 13 consideration of duplexes, triplexes, and townhomes;

14 (d) Makes adequate provisions for existing and projected needs of 15 all economic segments of the community, including:

16 (i) Incorporating consideration for low, very low, extremely low, 17 and moderate-income households;

(ii) Documenting programs and actions needed to achieve housing availability including gaps in local funding, barriers such as development regulations, and other limitations;

21 (iii) Consideration of housing locations in relation to 22 employment location; and

23 (iv) Consideration of the role of accessory dwelling units in 24 meeting housing needs;

(e) Identifies local policies and regulations that result in racially disparate impacts, displacement, and exclusion in housing, including:

28 (i) Zoning that may have a discriminatory effect;

29 (ii) Disinvestment; and

30 (iii) Infrastructure availability;

(f) Identifies and implements policies and regulations to address and begin to undo racially disparate impacts, displacement, and exclusion in housing caused by local policies, plans, and actions;

34 (g) Identifies areas that may be at higher risk of displacement 35 from market forces that occur with changes to zoning development 36 regulations and capital investments; and

37 (h) Establishes antidisplacement policies, with consideration 38 given to the preservation of historical and cultural communities as 39 well as investments in low, very low, extremely low, and moderate-40 income housing; equitable development initiatives; inclusionary Code Rev/RB:lel 7 H-2947.1/22 1 zoning; community planning requirements; tenant protections; land 2 disposition policies; and consideration of land that may be used for 3 affordable housing.

In counties and cities subject to the review and evaluation requirements of RCW 36.70A.215, any revision to the housing element shall include consideration of prior review and evaluation reports and any reasonable measures identified. The housing element should link jurisdictional goals with overall county goals to ensure that the housing element goals are met.

10 The adoption of ordinances, development regulations and amendments to such regulations, and other nonproject actions taken by 11 12 a city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 that increase housing capacity, increase housing affordability, and 13 mitigate displacement as required under this subsection (2) and that 14 apply outside of critical areas are not subject to administrative or 15 judicial appeal under chapter 43.21C RCW unless the adoption of such 16 17 ordinances, development regulations and amendments to such regulations, or other nonproject actions has a probable significant 18 19 adverse impact on fish habitat.

(3) A capital facilities plan element consisting of: (a) An 20 21 inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities, 22 showing the locations and capacities of the capital facilities; (b) a 23 forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities; (c) the proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital 24 25 facilities; (d) at least a six-year plan that will finance such capital facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly 26 identifies sources of public money for such purposes; and (e) a 27 28 requirement to reassess the land use element if probable funding falls short of meeting existing needs and to ensure that the land use 29 element, capital facilities plan element, and financing plan within 30 31 the capital facilities plan element are coordinated and consistent. 32 Park and recreation facilities shall be included in the capital 33 facilities plan element.

(4) A utilities element consisting of the general location,
 proposed location, and capacity of all existing and proposed
 utilities, including, but not limited to, electrical lines,
 telecommunication lines, and natural gas lines.

38 (5) Rural element. Counties shall include a rural element 39 including lands that are not designated for urban growth,

agriculture, forest, or mineral resources. The following provisions
 shall apply to the rural element:

3 (a) Growth management act goals and local circumstances. Because 4 circumstances vary from county to county, in establishing patterns of 5 rural densities and uses, a county may consider local circumstances, 6 but shall develop a written record explaining how the rural element 7 harmonizes the planning goals in RCW 36.70A.020 and meets the 8 requirements of this chapter.

(b) Rural development. The rural element shall permit rural 9 development, forestry, and agriculture in rural areas. The rural 10 11 element shall provide for a variety of rural densities, uses, essential public facilities, and rural governmental services needed 12 to serve the permitted densities and uses. To achieve a variety of 13 rural densities and uses, counties may provide for clustering, 14 density transfer, design guidelines, conservation easements, and 15 other innovative techniques that will accommodate appropriate rural 16 17 economic advancement, densities, and uses that are not characterized by urban growth and that are consistent with rural character. 18

(c) Measures governing rural development. The rural element shall include measures that apply to rural development and protect the rural character of the area, as established by the county, by:

(i) Containing or otherwise controlling rural development;

23 (ii) Assuring visual compatibility of rural development with the 24 surrounding rural area;

25 (iii) Reducing the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land 26 into sprawling, low-density development in the rural area;

(iv) Protecting critical areas, as provided in RCW 36.70A.060,and surface water and groundwater resources; and

(v) Protecting against conflicts with the use of agricultural,
 forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170.

31 (d) Limited areas of more intensive rural development. Subject to 32 the requirements of this subsection and except as otherwise 33 specifically provided in this subsection (5)(d), the rural element 34 may allow for limited areas of more intensive rural development, 35 including necessary public facilities and public services to serve 36 the limited area as follows:

37 (i) Rural development consisting of the infill, development, or 38 redevelopment of existing commercial, industrial, residential, or 39 mixed-use areas, whether characterized as shoreline development,

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villages, hamlets, rural activity centers, or crossroads
 developments.

3 (A) A commercial, industrial, residential, shoreline, or mixed-4 use area are subject to the requirements of (d)(iv) of this 5 subsection, but are not subject to the requirements of (c)(ii) and 6 (iii) of this subsection.

7 (B) Any development or redevelopment other than an industrial 8 area or an industrial use within a mixed-use area or an industrial 9 area under this subsection (5)(d)(i) must be principally designed to 10 serve the existing and projected rural population.

11 (C) Any development or redevelopment in terms of building size, 12 scale, use, or intensity shall be consistent with the character of 13 the existing areas. Development and redevelopment may include changes 14 in use from vacant land or a previously existing use so long as the 15 new use conforms to the requirements of this subsection (5);

16 (ii) The intensification of development on lots containing, or development of, small-scale recreational or tourist 17 new uses, 18 including commercial facilities to serve those recreational or tourist uses, that rely on a rural location and setting, but that do 19 not include new residential development. A small-scale recreation or 20 21 tourist use is not required to be principally designed to serve the 22 existing and projected rural population. Public services and public 23 facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the recreation or tourist use and shall be provided in a manner that does 24 25 not permit low-density sprawl;

The intensification of development on lots containing 26 (iii) 27 isolated nonresidential uses or new development of isolated cottage 28 industries and isolated small-scale businesses that are not 29 principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and nonresidential uses, but do provide job opportunities 30 31 for rural residents. Rural counties may allow the expansion of small-32 scale businesses as long as those small-scale businesses conform with 33 the rural character of the area as defined by the local government according to RCW 36.70A.030(23). Rural counties may also allow new 34 small-scale businesses to utilize a site previously occupied by an 35 existing business as long as the new small-scale business conforms to 36 the rural character of the area as defined by the local government 37 36.70A.030(23). Public services and 38 according to RCW public 39 facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the isolated

nonresidential use and shall be provided in a manner that does not
permit low-density sprawl;

3 (iv) A county shall adopt measures to minimize and contain the existing areas or uses of more intensive rural development, as 4 appropriate, authorized under this subsection. Lands included in such 5 6 existing areas or uses shall not extend beyond the logical outer boundary of the existing area or use, thereby allowing a new pattern 7 of low-density sprawl. Existing areas are those that are clearly 8 identifiable and contained and where there is a logical boundary 9 delineated predominately by the built environment, but that may also 10 include undeveloped lands if limited as provided in this subsection. 11 12 The county shall establish the logical outer boundary of an area of more intensive rural development. In establishing the logical outer 13 14 boundary, the county shall address (A) the need to preserve the character of existing natural neighborhoods and communities, (B) 15 16 physical boundaries, such as bodies of water, streets and highways, 17 and land forms and contours, (C) the prevention of abnormally 18 irregular boundaries, and (D) the ability to provide public facilities and public services in a manner that does not permit low-19 20 density sprawl;

(v) For purposes of (d) of this subsection, an existing area or existing use is one that was in existence:

(A) On July 1, 1990, in a county that was initially required to
 plan under all of the provisions of this chapter;

(B) On the date the county adopted a resolution under RCW
36.70A.040(2), in a county that is planning under all of the
provisions of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.040(2); or

(C) On the date the office of financial management certifies the county's population as provided in RCW 36.70A.040(5), in a county that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040(5).

32 (e) Exception. This subsection shall not be interpreted to permit 33 in the rural area a major industrial development or a master planned 34 resort unless otherwise specifically permitted under RCW 36.70A.360 35 and 36.70A.365.

36 (6) A transportation element that implements, and is consistent 37 with, the land use element.

38 (a) The transportation element shall include the following 39 subelements:

40 (i) Land use assumptions used in estimating travel;

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1 (ii) Estimated traffic impacts to state-owned transportation 2 facilities resulting from land use assumptions to assist the 3 department of transportation in monitoring the performance of state 4 facilities, to plan improvements for the facilities, and to assess 5 the impact of land-use decisions on state-owned transportation 6 facilities;

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(iii) Facilities and services needs, including:

8 (A) An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation 9 facilities and services, including transit alignments and general 10 aviation airport facilities, to define existing capital facilities 11 and travel levels as a basis for future planning. This inventory must 12 include state-owned transportation facilities within the city or 13 county's jurisdictional boundaries;

(B) Level of service standards for all locally owned arterials
and transit routes to serve as a gauge to judge performance of the
system. These standards should be regionally coordinated;

17 (C) For state-owned transportation facilities, level of service standards for highways, as prescribed in chapters 47.06 and 47.80 18 RCW, to gauge the performance of the system. The purposes of 19 reflecting level of service standards for state highways in the local 20 21 comprehensive plan are to monitor the performance of the system, to 22 evaluate improvement strategies, and to facilitate coordination between the county's or city's six-year street, road, or transit 23 program and the office of financial management's ten-year investment 24 25 program. The concurrency requirements of (b) of this subsection do not apply to transportation facilities and services of statewide 26 significance except for counties consisting of islands whose only 27 28 connection to the mainland are state highways or ferry routes. In these island counties, state highways and ferry route capacity must 29 be a factor in meeting the concurrency requirements in (b) of this 30 31 subsection;

32 (D) Specific actions and requirements for bringing into 33 compliance locally owned transportation facilities or services that 34 are below an established level of service standard;

35 (E) Forecasts of traffic for at least ten years based on the 36 adopted land use plan to provide information on the location, timing, 37 and capacity needs of future growth;

38 (F) Identification of state and local system needs to meet 39 current and future demands. Identified needs on state-owned

1 transportation facilities must be consistent with the statewide 2 multimodal transportation plan required under chapter 47.06 RCW;

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(iv) Finance, including:

4 (A) An analysis of funding capability to judge needs against
5 probable funding resources;

6 (B) A multiyear financing plan based on the needs identified in the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which shall serve as 7 the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program required 8 by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 9 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems. The multiyear financing 10 plan should be coordinated with the ten-year investment program 11 12 developed by the office of financial management as required by RCW 47.05.030; 13

(C) If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, a discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that level of service standards will be met;

18 (v) Intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an 19 assessment of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use 20 assumptions on the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions;

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(vi) Demand-management strategies;

(vii) Pedestrian and bicycle component to include collaborative efforts to identify and designate planned improvements for pedestrian and bicycle facilities and corridors that address and encourage enhanced community access and promote healthy lifestyles.

(b) After adoption of the comprehensive plan by jurisdictions 26 required to plan or who choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, local 27 28 jurisdictions must adopt and enforce ordinances which prohibit development approval if the development causes the level of service 29 on a locally owned transportation facility to decline below the 30 31 standards adopted in the transportation element of the comprehensive 32 plan, unless transportation improvements or strategies to accommodate the impacts of development are made concurrent with the development. 33 These strategies may include increased public transportation service, 34 ride-sharing programs, demand management, and other transportation 35 systems management strategies. For the purposes of this subsection 36 (6), "concurrent with the development" means that improvements or 37 strategies are in place at the time of development, or that a 38 39 financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or 40 strategies within six years. If the collection of impact fees is Code Rev/RB:lel 13 H-2947.1/22

1 delayed under RCW 82.02.050(3), the six-year period required by this 2 subsection (6)(b) must begin after full payment of all impact fees is 3 due to the county or city.

4 (c) The transportation element described in this subsection (6), 5 the six-year plans required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 6 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation 7 systems, and the ten-year investment program required by RCW 8 47.05.030 for the state, must be consistent.

9 (7) An economic development element establishing local goals, 10 policies, objectives, and provisions for economic growth and vitality 11 and a high quality of life. A city that has chosen to be a 12 residential community is exempt from the economic development element 13 requirement of this subsection.

(8) A park and recreation element that implements, and is consistent with, the capital facilities plan element as it relates to park and recreation facilities. The element shall include: (a) Estimates of park and recreation demand for at least a ten-year period; (b) an evaluation of facilities and service needs; and (c) an evaluation of intergovernmental coordination opportunities to provide regional approaches for meeting park and recreational demand.

(9) It is the intent that new or amended elements required after January 1, 2002, be adopted concurrent with the scheduled update provided in RCW 36.70A.130. Requirements to incorporate any such new or amended elements shall be null and void until funds sufficient to cover applicable local government costs are appropriated and distributed by the state at least two years before local government must update comprehensive plans as required in RCW 36.70A.130.

28 Sec. 3. RCW 43.21C.495 and 2020 c 173 s 2 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 ((If adopted by April 1, 2023, amendments to development 31 regulations)) Adoption of ordinances, development regulations and 32 amendments to such regulations, and other nonproject actions taken by city to implement: The actions specified in section 2, 33 a chapter . ., Laws of 2022 (this act) unless the adoption of such 34 ordinances, development regulations and amendments to such 35 regulations, or other nonproject actions has a probable significant 36 adverse impact on fish habitat; and the increased residential 37 38 building capacity actions identified in RCW 36.70A.600(1) ((or (4))), with the exception of the action specified in RCW 36.70A.600(1)(f), 39 Code Rev/RB:lel 14 H-2947.1/22 are not subject to administrative or judicial appeals under this
 chapter.

3 Sec. 4. RCW 43.21C.501 and 2019 c 348 s 6 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) Project actions described in this section that pertain to residential, multifamily, or mixed-use development evaluated under 6 this chapter by a city or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 are 7 exempt from appeals under this chapter on the basis of the evaluation 8 9 of or impacts to the following elements of the environment, provided that the appropriate requirements for a particular element of the 10 environment, as set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, 11 12 are met.

13 (2) (a) Transportation. A project action pertaining to residential, multifamily, or mixed_use development evaluated under 14 this chapter by a city or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 is 15 16 exempt from appeals under this chapter on the basis of the evaluation of or impacts to transportation elements of the environment, so long 17 18 as ((the project does not present significant adverse impacts to the 19 state-owned transportation system as determined by the department of 20 transportation and)) the project is:

21 (((a)(i))) <u>(i)(A)</u> Consistent with a locally adopted 22 transportation plan; or

23 ((((ii))) (B) Consistent with the transportation element of a 24 comprehensive plan; and

25 ((((b)(i))) (ii)(A) A project for which traffic or parking impact 26 fees are imposed pursuant to RCW 82.02.050 through 82.02.090; or

27 ((((ii))) (B) A project for which traffic or parking impacts are 28 ((expressly)) mitigated by an ordinance, or ordinances, of general 29 application adopted by the city or town.

30 (((2))) (b) The exemption under this subsection (2) does not 31 apply if the department of transportation has found that the project 32 will present significant adverse impacts to the state-owned 33 transportation system.

34 (3) (a) Aesthetics. A project action pertaining to residential, 35 multifamily, or mixed-use development evaluated under this chapter by 36 a city or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 is exempt from appeals 37 under this chapter on the basis of the evaluation of or impacts to 38 the aesthetics element of the environment, so long as the project is 1 <u>subject to design review pursuant to adopted design review</u>
2 <u>requirements at the local government level.</u>

3 (b) Light and glare. A project action pertaining to residential, 4 multifamily, or mixed-use development evaluated under this chapter by 5 a city or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 is exempt from appeals 6 under this chapter on the basis of the evaluation of or impacts to 7 the light and glare element of the environment, so long as the 8 project is subject to design review pursuant to adopted design review 9 requirements at the local government level.

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(4) For purposes of this section((, "impacts)):

11 (a) "Design review" means a formally adopted local government 12 process by which projects are reviewed for compliance with design 13 standards for the type of use adopted through local ordinance.

14 <u>(b) "Impacts</u> to transportation elements of the environment" 15 include impacts to transportation systems; vehicular traffic; 16 waterborne, rail, and air traffic; parking; movement or circulation 17 of people or goods; and traffic hazards.

Sec. 5. (1) The legislature recognizes that 18 NEW SECTION. certain rule-based categorical exemption thresholds to chapter 43.21C 19 20 RCW, found in WAC 197-11-800, have not been updated in recent years, and should be modified in light of the increased environmental 21 22 protections in place under chapters 36.70A and 90.58 RCW, the current affordable housing crisis, and other laws. It is the intent of the 23 24 legislature to direct the department of ecology to conduct expedited 25 rule making to modify the thresholds for the categorical exemptions described under subsection (2) of this section. 26

(2) By December 31, 2022, the department of ecology shall modify
 the rule-based categorical exemptions to chapter 43.21C RCW found in
 WAC 197-11-800 as follows:

30 (a) Include four attached single-family residential units to the 31 current exemption under WAC 197-11-800(1)(b)(i);

32 (b) Create a new exemption level under WAC 197-11-800(1)(d) for 33 single-family residential project types with a total square footage 34 of fewer than 1,500 square feet in incorporated urban growth areas of 35 at least 100 units;

36 (c) Increase the exemption level under WAC 197-11-800(1)(d) for 37 multifamily residential project types in incorporated urban growth 38 areas from 60 units to 200 units; and

1 (d) Add the following sentence to WAC 197-11-800(1)(c)(i): "The 2 city, town, or county must document the result of its outreach with 3 the department of transportation on impacts to state-owned 4 transportation facilities, including consideration of whether 5 mitigation is necessary for impacts to state-owned transportation 6 facilities."

(3) This section expires January 1, 2024.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 43.21C 9 RCW to read as follows:

Any applicant whose project qualifies as exempt or categorically exempt under either this chapter or under rules adopted pursuant to this chapter is not required to file an environmental checklist if other information is available to establish that a project qualifies for an exemption."

15 Correct the title.

7

<u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Removes actions taken to implement a housing action plan from the scope of actions that are not subject to appeal under either the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) or the Growth Management Act (GMA).

(2) Restores existing language in statute that requires that actions taken by a city to increase residential building capacity be taken prior to April 1, 2023, in order to be exempt from legal challenge under the GMA.

(3) Removes provision that would have exempted actions taken to comply with a housing element from review under the GMA.

(4) Provides that certain actions taken by a city planning fully under the GMA to comply with a housing element are not subject to appeal under SEPA unless the action has a probable significant adverse impact on fish habitat.

(5) Requires the Department of Ecology to add the following sentence to its rules related to SEPA categorical exemptions for minor new construction: "The city, town, or county must document the result of its outreach with the department of transportation on impacts to state-owned transportation facilities, including consideration of whether mitigation is necessary for impacts to state-owned transportation facilities."

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